## Loan-Based Split Dollar

For Frank Contini


Presented By:
[Licensed user's name appears here]

## This executive fringe benefit involves a series of employer-sponsored loans to a valued executive for the purpose of purchasing a cash value life insurance policy.

Promissory Notes: The loans associated with the arrangement are evidenced by a series of promissory notes between the employer and the executive, and the life insurance policy is assigned as collateral security for the loans. The loans are term loans, i.e., they are due at the end of a specific period of years; however, the promissory note calls for the acceleration of repayment should the executive die prior to the date of scheduled loan repayments.

Loan Interest: The interest rate for the life of each loan is set at least to the long-term rate in effect at the beginning of the loan under IRC Sections 7872(f)(2)(A) and 1274(d) (often referred to as the "Applicable Federal Rate" or "AFR"). As an additional benefit in some arrangements, the employer will help offset the executive's loan interest payments via a bonus.

If no interest or an inadequate rate of interest is charged on a loan, the IRS recharacterizes the loan into an "arms-length" transaction and imputes an interest rate that is deemed to have been received by the lender and paid by the borrower. The rate is published monthly and is determined by the length of the loan transaction, i.e., either the short-term rate ( 3 years or less), the mid-term rate (over 3 years but not over 9 years), or the long-term rate (over 9 years).
So long as the loan interest rate is equal to or exceeds the Applicable Federal Rate, no interest is imputed by the IRS on the transaction. For illustrative purposes, the entire series of premium loans illustrated in the accompanying material reflects a constant $3.37 \%$ interest rate, the long-term AFR in effect for the month in which this report is written (May 2014).

The loan interest rate for each new loan will likely be different, and each future loan must bear interest equal to or greater than the AFR in effect during the month the new loan is executed. Each new loan should be evidenced by its own promissory note as well.

## There are four ways to deal with unknown future loan interest rates:

1. If a bonus is paid to the executive to offset the loan interest, accept the risk: Changing interest rates may increase or decrease the amount of the bonus; however, the loan interest paid to the employer by the executive should provide a significant offset.
2. Accrue additional loan interest: If the loan interest rate increases, the executive could be allowed to accrue the additional loan interest. Alternatively, the executive may be able to withdraw funds from the policy to make up the difference in the loan interest due.
3. Renegotiate the loans: Wait until a time when AFR dips and recast the series of promissory notes into a new note at the reduced rate.
4. Consolidate all loans at the inception of the plan: In this case, the loaned funds in excess of the amount needed to pay the policy's initial premium should be reserved by the executive to pay the remaining stream of premiums as they fall due. The employer may wish to consider requiring some form of custodianship for the reserved funds to be certain they are used for the intended purpose.

## Repayment of Loans from the Employer

In the event of the executive's death, the employer's loans are repaid from the life insurance policy's death benefit; otherwise, loan repayment is handled in one of the following ways.

1. The executive uses personal funds to repay the loans from the employer.
2. The executive borrows against the policy or surrenders a portion of policy values to repay the loans from the employer.
3. The employer bonuses an amount to the executive to offset the repayment of the loans.
4. The employer grosses up a bonus to the executive to offset both the repayment of the loans and the tax on the bonus.

## Living Benefits for the Executive

The executive may, if the parties agree, have direct access to policy cash values in excess of the amount required to collateralize the loans from the employer.

If the loans have been repaid, the executive has free access to the cash values. The cash values can be accessed via: 1) policy loans or 2) policy withdrawals or 3 ) a combination of loans and withdrawals.

## Death Benefits for Beneficiaries

Income tax free death benefits from the executive's share of the life insurance policy's death benefit can produce income streams for the executive's family or liquidity to help offset wealth transfer taxes.


## Notes

IRC Section 409A: Section 409A should not apply to loan regime collateral assignment split dollar plans unless the employer is bound by the agreement between the parties to forgive the loan, waive payments, etc.

Be sure to consult with your own tax attorney and accountant before entering into this or any other arrangement involving tax, legal, and economic considerations.

## Supplemental Report: Duration of Loans

Each premium payment is considered a new loan, and the accompanying illustrations reflect loans that may remain in effect for many years. Most loans illustrated are assumed to be long-term loans (over 9 years) bearing a loan interest rate equal to or greater than the Applicable Federal Rate of $3.37 \%$ for May 2014. Other Applicable Federal Rates in effect for May 2014 are:

Mid-term loans (over 3 years but not over 9): 1.93\%;

Short-term loans (3 years or less): 0.33\%;
Demand loans: 0.33\%.
The demand loan rate changes monthly -- an unhappy condition for a loan expected to remain in effect for many years. A so-called "blended" rate that is stable for one year at a time can be used for demand loans. The 2014 blended rate for demand loans will not be announced until late June 2014.

Stability of loan interest is an important component of any arrangement involving loans. A dramatic rise in loan interest rates at the maturity of a demand, short-term or mid-term loan may result in less-than-acceptable loan interest rates when the loan is renewed. When you are dealing with a financial arrangement of many years, long-term loans produce more stable interest rates that can be renegotiated downward should rates decline, but are capped at rates that are known as each loan is made. For an example of renegotiating loan interest downward, see the report entitled "Renegotiating the Applicable Federal Rate".

Due to the relative stability of the long-term Applicable Federal Rate coupled with the ability to renegotiate it downward, you may wish to establish your arrangement using long-term loans.

## Flow Chart



## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

Presented By: [Licensed User's name appears here]

## Illustration of Policy Values Funding The Plan

|  |  | Indexed UL Interest Rate $8.50 \%$ | Initial Initial Policy <br> Premium Death Benefit <br> 100,000 $2,500,000$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Male Age | (1) <br> Policy Premium | (2) <br> Pre-Tax Policy Cash Flow | (3) <br> Year End Accum Value* | (4) <br> Year End Cash Value* | (5) <br> Death Benefit |
| 1 | 45 | 100,000 | 0 | 102,198 | 67,198 | 2,500,000 |
| 2 | 46 | 100,000 | 0 | 213,869 | 143,869 | 2,500,000 |
| 3 | 47 | 100,000 | 0 | 335,427 | 260,927 | 2,500,000 |
| 4 | 48 | 100,000 | 0 | 467,797 | 393,297 | 2,500,000 |
| 5 | 49 | 100,000 | 0 | 612,010 | 537,510 | 2,500,000 |
| 6 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 659,828 | 589,053 | 2,500,000 |
| 7 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 711,459 | 645,154 | 2,500,000 |
| 8 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 767,257 | 706,167 | 2,500,000 |
| 9 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 827,578 | - 772,448 | 2,500,000 |
| 10 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 892,823 | - 1 844,398 | 2,500,000 |
| 11 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 963,473 | -1 922,498 | 2,500,000 |
| 12 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 1,040,048 | 1, 1 ,007,268 | 2,500,000 |
| 13 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 1,123,108 | -1,099,268 | 2,500,000 |
| 14 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 1,213,329 | -1,199,174 | 2,500,000 |
| 15 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 1,311,468 | $\square 1,311,468$ | 2,500,000 |
| 16 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 1,418,351 | $\square 1,418,351$ | 2,500,000 |
| 17 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 1,534,977 | -1,534,977 | 2,500,000 |
| 18 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 1,662,474 | $\square 1,662,474$ | 2,500,000 |
| 19 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 1,802,130 | $\square 1,802,130$ | 2,500,000 |
| 20 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 1,955,453 | $\square 1,955,453$ | 2,500,000 |
| 21 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 2,125,195 | 2,125,195 | 2,550,235 |
| 22 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 2,309,400 | 2,309,400 | 2,748,186 |
| 23 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 2,509,282 | 2,509,282 | 2,960,953 |
| 24 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 2,726,177 | 2,726,177 | 3,189,627 |
| 25 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 2,961,520 | 2,961,520 | 3,435,364 |
| 26 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 3,216,891 | 3,216,891 | 3,699,425 |
| 27 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 3,494,923 | 3,494,923 | 3,949,263 |
| 28 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 3,797,933 | 3,797,933 | 4,215,706 |
| 29 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 4,128,571 | 4,128,571 | 4,500,143 |
| 30 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 4,489,880 | 4,489,879 | 4,804,171 |
|  |  | 500,000 | 0 |  |  |  |

30 Year Summary

| Cum. Payments | 500,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cum. Pre-Tax Policy Cash Flow | 0 |
| Cash Value | $4,489,879$ |
| Death Benefit | $4,804,171$ |

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Illustration of Policy Values Funding The Plan



| Cum. Payments | 500,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cum. Pre-Tax Policy Cash Flow | 0 |
| Cash Value | $10,340,630$ |
| Death Benefit | $10,857,660$ |

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Presented By: [Licensed User's name appears here]

## Summary

Employer's
Tax Bracket
$34.00 \%$
Executive's
Tax Bracket
$35.00 \%$
Indexed UL
Interest Rate
$8.50 \%$
Initial Policy
Death Benefit
$2,500,000$
Assumed Long-Term AFR
for All Years Illustrated
$3.37 \%$

Promissory Note
Interest Rate
$3.37 \%$


Executive's 30 Year Summary
*See appropriate Net Payment Analysis for details.
**This is an example of an InsMark supplemental Indexed Universal Life: illustration for indexed universal life. In an actual Less Loan Repayment Due Employer: presentation, this footnote will refer to an accompanying basic illustration from a specific life insurance company with important details, caveats, and guarantees.
Living Values ${ }^{\dagger}$ Death Benefit

| $4,489,879$ | $4,804,171$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 500,000 | 500,000 |
| $3,989,879$ | $4,304,171$ |

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Summary

 34.00\%


Initial Policy
Death Benefit 2,500,000
Assumed Long-Term AFR
for All Years Illustrated
$3.37 \%$

Promissory Note Interest Rate 3.37\%


## 727,545




## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

Employer's 40 Year Analysis


## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

Executive's 40 Year Analysis
Contini Brothers, Inc.



## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Presented By: [Licensed User's name appears here]

| Employer's | Assumed Long-Term AFR | Promissory Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Bracket | for All Years Illustrated | Interest Rate |
| $34.00 \%$ | $3.37 \%^{*}$ | $3.37 \%$ |


| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Male } \\ & \text { Age } \end{aligned}$ | (1) <br> Beginning of Year Loan to Executive | (2) <br> Cumulative Loan to Executive | (3) <br> Loan Interest Received from Executive | (4) <br> After Tax Loan Interest Received from Executive | (5) <br> Bonus <br> Paid to <br> Executive | (6) <br> After Tax Cost of Bonus Paid to Executive | (7) <br> Employer's Net Payment $(1)-(4)+(6)$ | (8) <br> Employer's Annual Charge to Earnings (6) - (4) | (9) <br> Employer's <br> Cumulative <br> Charge to <br> Earnings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 45 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 3,370 | 2,224 | 5,185 | 3,422 | 101,198 | 1,198 | 1,198 |
| 2 | 46 | 100,000 | 200,000 | 6,740 | 4,448 | 10,369 | 6,844 | 102,396 | 2,396 | 3,594 |
| 3 | 47 | 100,000 | 300,000 | 10,110 | 6,673 | 15,554 | 10,266 | 103,593 | 3,593 | 7,187 |
| 4 | 48 | 100,000 | 400,000 | 13,480 | 8,897 | 20,738 | 13,687 | 104,790 | 4,790 | 11,977 |
| 5 | 49 | 100,000 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 105,988 | 5,988 | 17,965 |
| 6 | 50 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 23,953 |
| 7 | 51 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | - 29,941 |
| 8 | 52 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | - 35,929 |
| 9 | 53 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 41,917$ |
| 10 | 54 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 47,905$ |
| 11 | 55 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 53,893$ |
| 12 | 56 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 59,881$ |
| 13 | 57 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 65,869$ |
| 14 | 58 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 71,857$ |
| 15 | 59 |  | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | $\square 77,845$ |
| 16 | 60 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 83,833 |
| 17 | 61 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 89,821 |
| 18 | 62 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 95,809 |
| 19 | 63 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 101,797 |
| 20 | 64 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 107,785 |
| 21 | 65 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 113,773 |
| 22 | 66 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 119,761 |
| 23 | 67 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 125,749 |
| 24 | 68 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 131,737 |
| 25 | 69 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 137,725 |
| 26 | 70 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 143,713 |
| 27 | 71 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 149,701 |
| 28 | 72 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 155,689 |
| 29 | 73 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 161,677 |
| 30 | 74 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 167,665 |
|  |  | 500,000 |  | 471,800 | 311,388 | 725,844 | 479,053 | 667,665 | 167,665 |  |

*See the accompanying supplemental report entitled "Loan-Based Split Dollar (Preface)" for remarks regarding loan interest rates used in this illustration.

The promissory note between the employer and the executive is presumed to be secured by a collateral assignment of the policy.

The employer's loans must be repaid no later than the date specified in the plan documentation.

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Presented By: [Licensed User's name appears here]

| Employer's | Assumed Long-Term AFR | Promissory Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Bracket | for All Years Illustrated | Interest Rate |
| $34.00 \%$ | $3.37 \%^{*}$ | $3.37 \%$ |


| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Male } \\ \text { Age } \end{gathered}$ | (1) <br> Beginning of Year Loan to Executive | (2) <br> Cumulative Loan to Executive | (3) <br> Loan <br> Interest <br> Received from <br> Executive | (4) <br> After Tax Loan Interest Received from Executive | (5) <br> Bonus <br> Paid to <br> Executive | (6) <br> After Tax Cost of Bonus Paid to Executive | (7) <br> Employer's Net Payment $(1)-(4)+(6)$ | (8) <br> Employer's Annual Charge to Earnings (6) - (4) | (9) <br> Employer's <br> Cumulative <br> Charge to <br> Earnings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31 | 75 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 173,653 |
| 32 | 76 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 179,641 |
| 33 | 77 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 185,629 |
| 34 | 78 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 191,617 |
| 35 | 79 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 197,605 |
| 36 | 80 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 203,593 |
| 37 | 81 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 209,581 |
| 38 | 82 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 215,569 |
| 39 | 83 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 221,557 |
| 40 | 84 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 11,121 | 25,923 | 17,109 | 5,988 | 5,988 | 227,545 |

$\begin{array}{lllllll}500,000 & 640,300 & 422,598 & 985,074 & 650,143 & 727,545 & 227,545\end{array}$
*See the accompanying supplemental report entitled "Loan-Based Split Dollar (Preface)" for remarks regarding loan interest rates used in this illustration.

The promissory note between the employer and the executive is presumed to be secured by a collateral assignment of the policy.

The employer's loans must be repaid no later than the date specified in the plan documentation.

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Presented By: [Licensed User's name appears here]

Executive's Net Payment Analysis

|  |  | Executive's Tax Bracket 35.00\% |  | Assumed Long-Term AFR for All Years Illustrated $3.37 \%{ }^{*}$ |  | Promissory Note Interest Rate 3.37\% |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Male Age | (1) <br> Policy Premium Due by Executive | (2) <br> Beginning of Year Loan from Employer | (3) <br> Cumulative <br> Loan Due Employer | (4) <br> Loan Interest Paid to Employer | (5) <br> Bonus Received from Employer | (6) <br> After Tax Bonus Received from Employer |  |
| 1 | 45 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 3,370 | 5,185 | 3,370 | 0 |
| 2 | 46 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 200,000 | 6,740 | 10,369 | 6,740 | 0 |
| 3 | 47 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 300,000 | 10,110 | 15,554 | 10,110 | 0 |
| 4 | 48 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 400,000 | 13,480 | 20,738 | 13,480 | 0 |
| 5 | 49 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 6 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 7 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 8 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 9 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 10 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 11 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 12 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 13 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 14 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 15 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 16 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 17 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 18 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 19 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 20 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 21 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 22 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 23 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 24 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 25 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 26 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 27 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 28 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 29 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
| 30 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 | 25,923 | 16,850 | 0 |
|  |  | 500,000 | 500,000 |  | 471,800 | 725,844 | 471,800 | 0 |

*See the accompanying supplemental report entitled "Loan-Based Split Dollar (Preface)" for remarks regarding loan interest rates used in this illustration.
**Column (7) = Columns (1) - (2) + (4) - (6)

The promissory note between the employer and the executive is presumed to be secured by a collateral assignment of the policy.

The employer's loans must be repaid no later than the date specified in the plan documentation.

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Presented By: [Licensed User's name appears here]

## Executive's Net Payment Analysis

| (6) |
| :---: |
| After Tax |
| Bonus |
| Received |
| from |
| Employer |
|  |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |
| 16,850 |


| (7) |
| :---: |
| Executive's |
| Net |
| Payment** |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |

Assumed Long-Term AFR for All Years Illustrated 3.37\%*


| (2) | (3) | (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning of Year Loan from Employer | Cumulative <br> Loan Due <br> Employer | Loan <br> Interest <br> Paid to <br> Employer |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |
| 0 | 500,000 | 16,850 |

Promissory Note Interest Rate 3.37\%

Executive's
Tax Bracket 35.00\%

| Year | Male <br> Age | (1) <br> Policy Premium Due by Executive | (2) <br> Beginning of Year Loan from Employer | (3) <br> Cumulative <br> Loan Due Employer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 32 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 33 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 34 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 35 | 79 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 36 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 37 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 38 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 39 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |
| 40 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 500,000 |

500,000
500,000
,
500,000
$\overline{940,300} \overline{685,074} \square$
*See the accompanying supplemental report entitled "Loan-Based Split Dollar (Preface)" for remarks regarding loan interest rates used in this illustration.
**Column (7) = Columns (1) - (2) + (4) - (6)

The promissory note between the employer and the executive is presumed to be secured by a collateral assignment of the policy.

The employer's loans must be repaid no later than the date specified in the plan documentation.

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Promissory Note Analysis


*This is an example of an InsMark supplemental illustration for indexed universal life. In an actual presentation, this footnote will refer to an accompanying basic illustration from a specific life insurance company with important details, caveats, and guarantees.
**See the accompanying supplemental report entitled "Loan-Based Split Dollar (Preface)" for remarks regarding loan interest rates used in this illustration.

The employer's loans must be repaid no later than the date specified in the plan documentation.

## Loan-Based Split Dollar Funded With Indexed Universal Life

## Promissory Note Analysis


$\overline{500,000} \overline{640,300} \square_{0}{ }_{0}$
*This is an example of an InsMark supplemental illustration for indexed universal life. In an actual presentation, this footnote will refer to an accompanying basic illustration from a specific life insurance company with important details, caveats, and guarantees.
**See the accompanying supplemental report entitled "Loan-Based Split Dollar (Preface)" for remarks regarding loan interest rates used in this illustration.

The employer's loans must be repaid no later than the date specified in the plan documentation.

